# Electronic Media in the Digital Age

Dr. Peter Diem, GfK Austria

Prague, March 3, 2011



### Electronic Media Today and Tomorrow

2

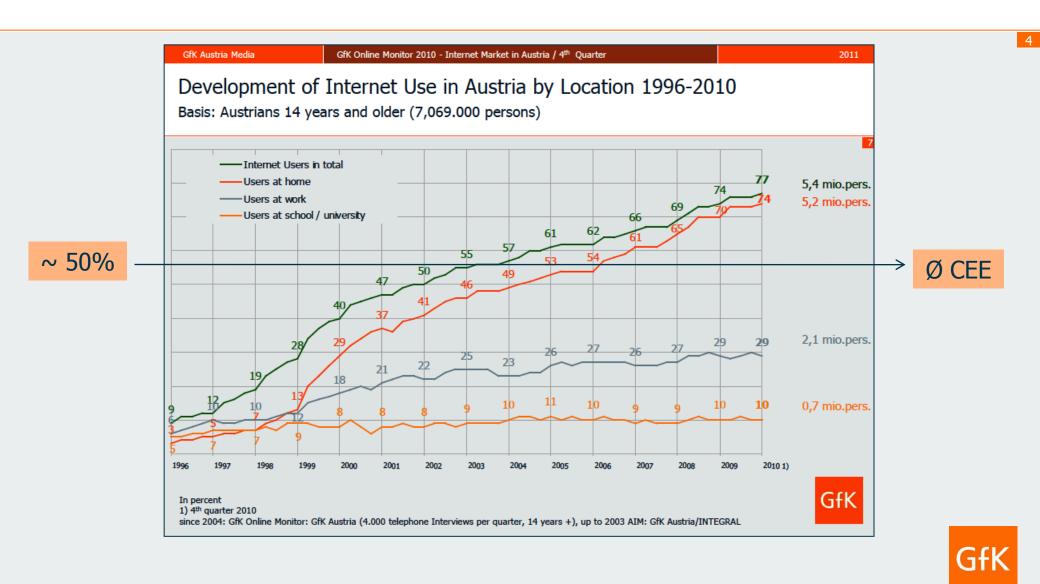
- Some Basic Data
- The coexistence between Radio, TV and Internet
- The Future of Electronic Media
- The Role of Internet in Market Research



## The Impact of the Internet on Conventional Media



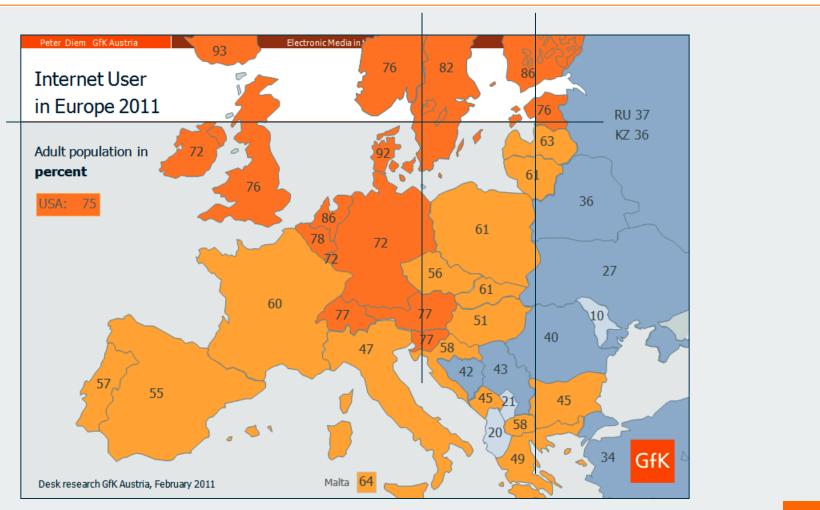
#### The Permanent Growth of Internet Use



Prague, March 3, 2011

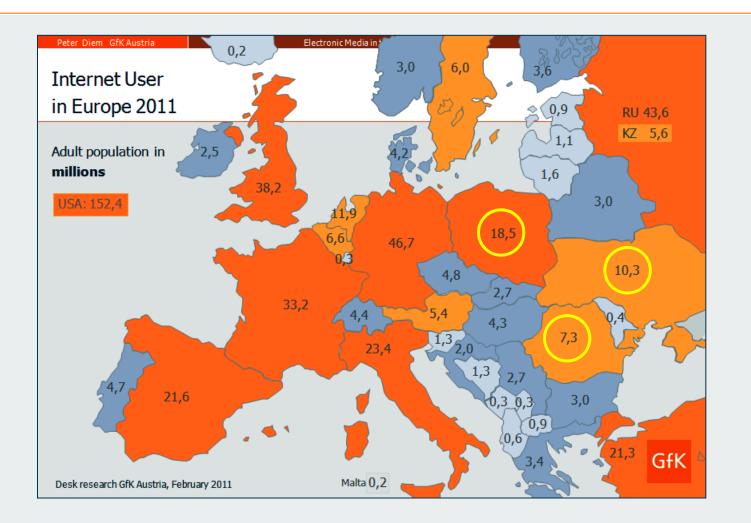
5

#### **Different Levels of Internet Penetration in CEE**





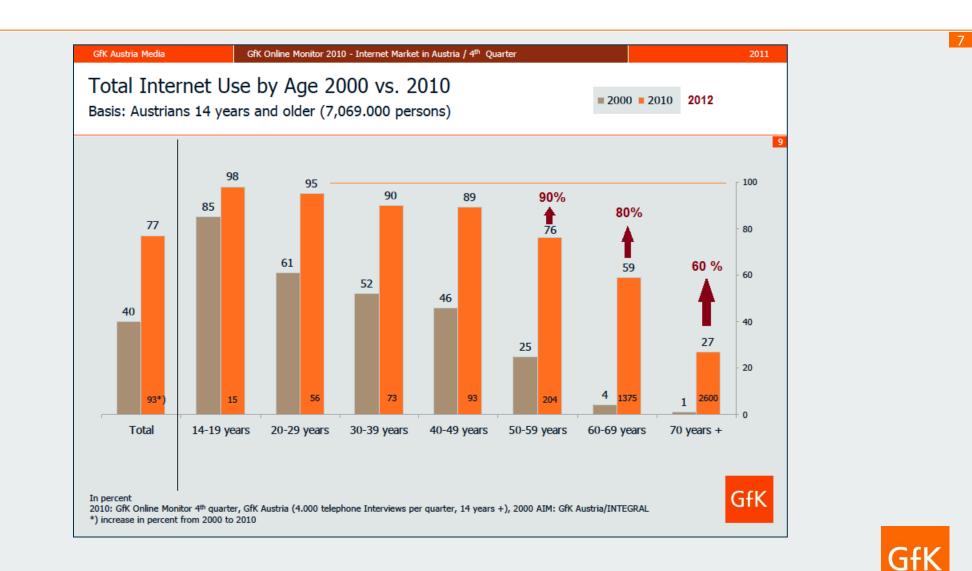
#### Large Online Markets in CEE



6



#### Internet Penetration by Age



#### The Reach of TV and Internet by Age (Austria)

8

Age Group	% Daily Reach TV	% Internet yesterday
14-19	44	75
20-29	42	69
30-39	57	60
40-49	62	50
50-59	70	40
60-69	77	21
70 plus	80	6

Source: Media Analysis, Austria, 2009, n=16.000



Prague, March 3, 2011

9

#### Daily Media Use in Minutes by Age (Germany)

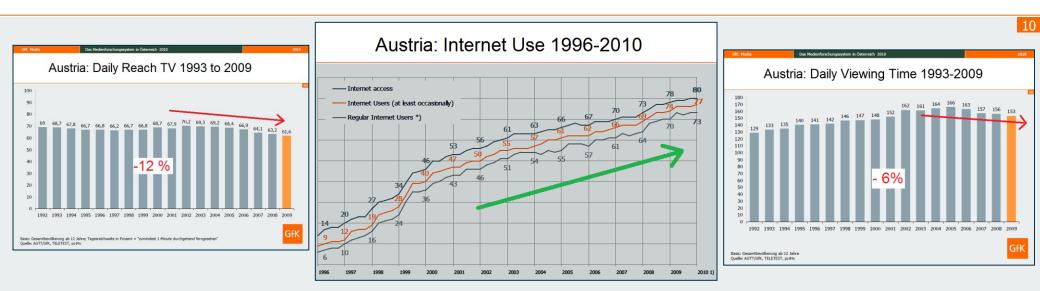
							%	
	TV	Radio	Paper	Internet/	Total	Net	Parallel	Paralle
Zielgruppe			aper	Online	Use	Use	Use	Use
Adults	220	187	23	83	514	477	37	7
14-29 Jahre	151	136	10	144	441	404	37	8
30-49 Jahre	202	208	18	103	530	484	46	9
50-64 Jahre	252	205	27	63	547	510	37	7
ab 65 Jahren	286	187	41	12	527	504	23	4

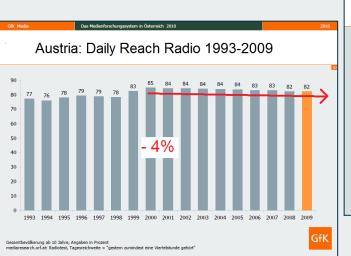
Online Use	% of Net Media Time
14-29	36 %
30-49	21 %
50-64	12 %
60 plus	2 %



Prague, March 3, 2011

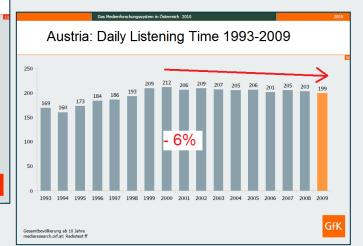
#### Conventional Media: Slight Loss in Frequency and Duration of Use







system in Österreich 2010

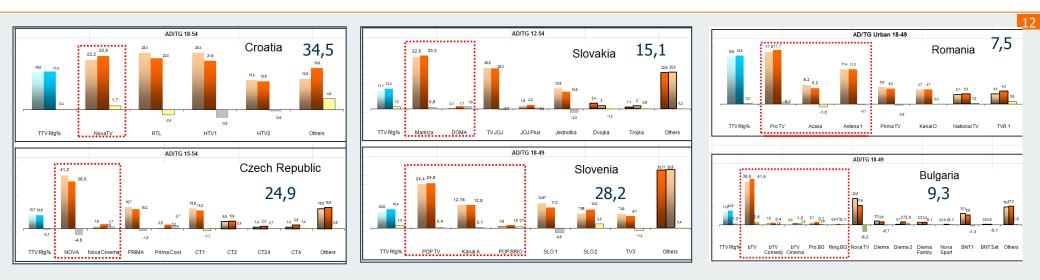


### How is TV in CEE?

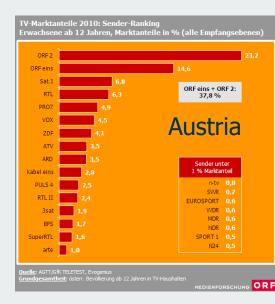
### What are the Challenges for TV?

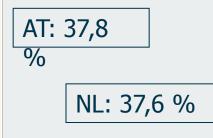


#### Shares of Public TV vs. Private TV



	Cormony	Adults		
	Germany	14+		
		2008	2009	
	RTL	11.9	12.6	
	PR0 7	6.5	6.5	
DE 27,3 %	SAT 1	10.5	10.6	
	VOX	5.5	5.5	
	ARD	13.8	13.1	
	ZDF	13.5	12.9	
	RTL II	3.8	3.9	
	KABEL 1	3.6	3.9	
	SUPER RTL	1.6	1.6	
	N 24	1.0	1.0	
	KIKA	0.7	0.7	







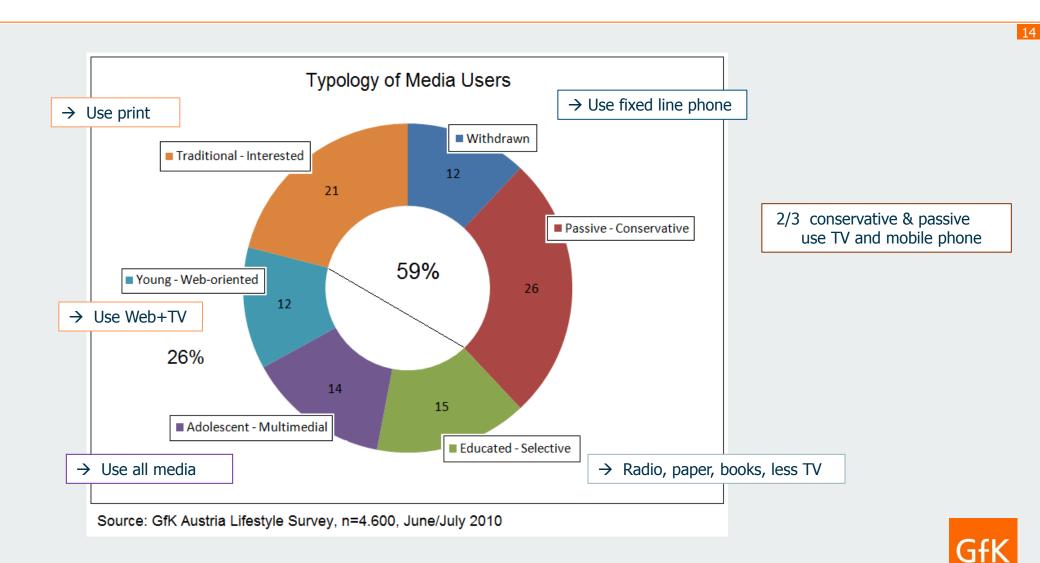
#### Public-Private TV – Different Functions

According to a German survey, public an private TV are assigned different roles

	Important for	Unbiased	Good	High	For the
Medium	political	political	for	standard in	whole
	Information	Information	Recreation	Entertainment	Family
Public TV	79	78	32	57	42
Private TV	15	16	62	35	52
Source: ARD/ZDF Longterm Mass Communication Study 2010, n=4.505					



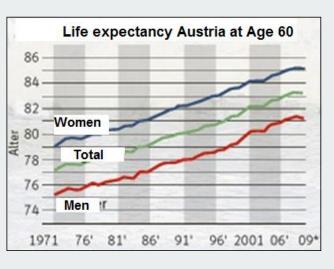
#### Media Users: The "Passive Majority"



#### TV Consumption and Rising Life Expectancy

Which conclusions are drawn by TV program directors?

Total TV	Year	
Austria	2010	
Age	hrs/min	
12-19	1 hr 25	
20-29	1 hr 40	
30-39	2 hrs 00	
40-49	2 hrs 31	
50-59	3 hrs 16	
60-74	4 hrs 08	
75+	3 hrs 57	
3+	2 hrs 32	

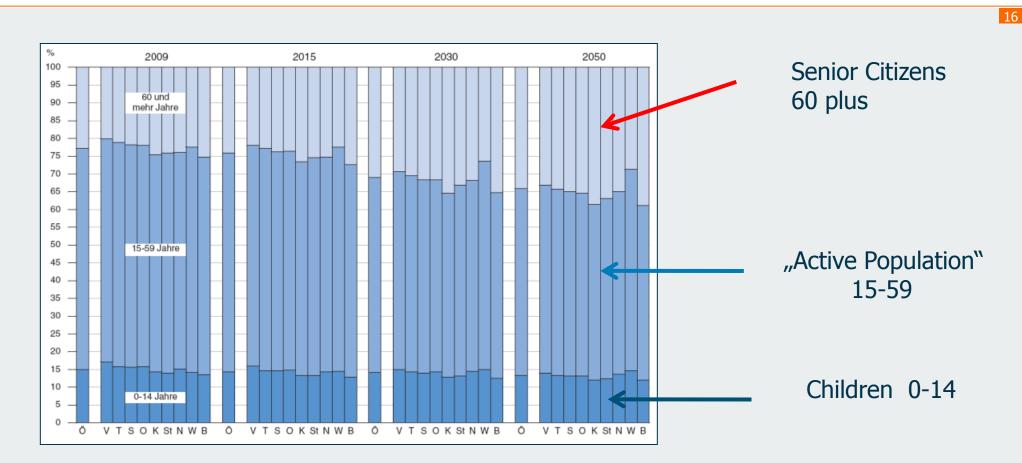


Life expectancy at Age 65					
	Men	Women			
Austria	82,5	85,8			
Slovenija	81,4	85,5			
Czech Republic	80,3	84,1			
Poland	79,8	83,9			
Croatia	79,3	83,8			
Romania	79,0	83,1			
Hungary	79,0	83,1			
Serbia	78,8	83,0			
Slovakia	78,8	82,9			
Macedonia	78,7	82,8			
Estonia	78,6	82,2			
Bosnia and Hercegovina	78,5	81,7			
Bulgaria	78,5	81,7			
Lithuania	78,4	81,1			
Latvia	78,0	81,0			
Moldava	77,1	80,9			
Ukraine	76,9	80,6			
Russia	76,8	80,4			
Belarus	76,7	79,7			
Source: Stat Austria, Base 2008	70,7	19,1			



RTL has just announced : main target group changed from 14-49 to 14-59

#### The Aging Population in Central and Eastern Europe



Source: Austrian Statistics Office, 2011 (The bars within the years denote provinces from West to East)



#### A Century of Technological Change

17

- **FM** has succeded **AM**
- Stereo has succeeded Mono
- The **Computer** has suceeded the **Typewriter**
- **CD** has succeeded **Vinyl** (with some nostalgic fallbacks)
- DVD has replaced the Video Cassette
- Hard Disc Recording is replacing the Videotape Recorder
- Digital Camera/Camcorder have won over traditional photography
- Multi-media PC and Video Projector have replaced the Slide Projector
- Cable and Satellite have brought multi-channel TV
- Digital Terrestrial and Digital Satellite are replacing Analog TV
- Smartphones are replacing Cellphones which replaced the Fixed Line
- HD-TV is replacing standard resolution TV



#### Survival of the Fittest

18

In spite of the advent of "new" media, the respective "old" media have survived:

- The **Book** has not died when **Film** became a story-teller
- **Radio** has not killed the **Newspaper**
- **Television** has not been able to exterminate **Cinema**
- Internet has not killed the Press nor will it kill TV

Why is this so ?



#### Because Man is a Habitual Animal

- **Radio** is a "companion medium": it is mainly consumed for info and music in the <u>work</u> <u>phase</u> and on the way to and from work.
- Newspaper is a "transition medium": it is mainly read before work, in breaks, on a train, or right after work
- Television is "mental food": it is mainly taken in the recreation phase: (Evening news = hot soup, primetime program = main dish, late night = dessert)
- Books are read in the recreation phase, some in public transport. E-books are books.
- As a **hybrid** between Newspaper and TV, **Internet** is used both <u>during work</u> (mainly for information) and <u>after work</u> (mainly for entertainment).

→ Note: New channels like Internet-PC, Tablet-PC, Smartphone etc. must take these habitual practices in account



#### Truth in Humor?

20

What is the future of Television? A big, flat screen on the wall with sharp images ...

What is interactive TV? The man goes to the fridge, gets himself a beer and closes the door .



The man who coined these two sayings was a most successful TV manager because he took account of the fact that Television is "nutrition" in the recreation phase.

Helmut Thoma Director RTL 1984-1998



#### Some Conclusions

- "Old" media will survive any "new" ones if they adapt to the changing environment
- In spite of all the glitter of hi tech, content providers should take account of *habitudes*
- It is easier to sail with the wind instead of trying hard crossings:
  - Young people have decided to go Internet and Facebook for info and fun. But they still use "shallow" TV (films and serials) for recreation.
  - Older persons depend on conventional TV, although many of them will go online too
- TV and Radio will be well advised to accept the demographic development in CEE
  - Nostalgic programs/films, telenovelas etc. will become ever more important
  - Fast speech and unorderly discussions are the best way to lose audiences
  - Programs targetted at the female audience (e.g. figure skating) could boost ratings
  - Facilitating time-shift viewing by means of "download malls" can increase station loyalty
  - Segments of the senior population in more affluent markets have money to spend

### New Methods of Market Research for the Digital Media



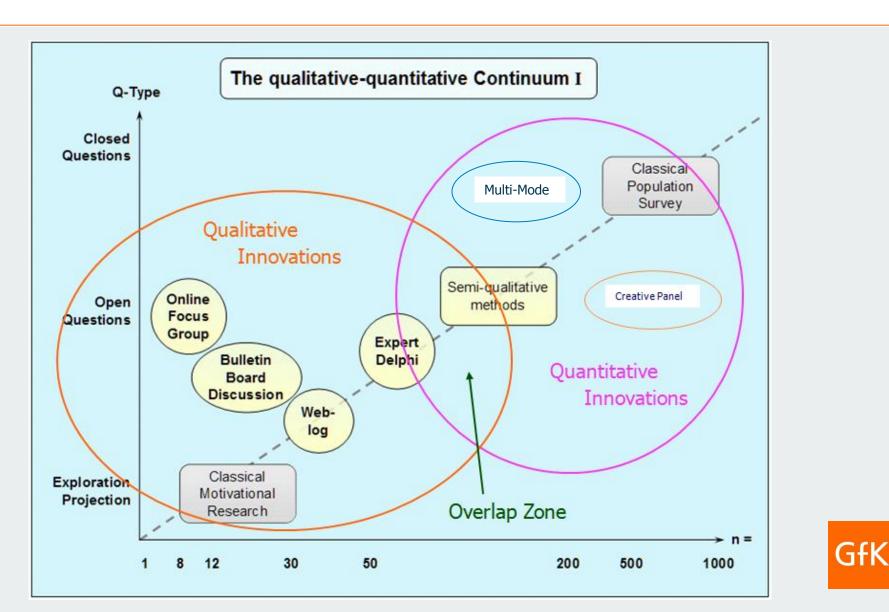
#### Market Research for TV, Radio and Internet

- "Conventional "Television Audience Measurement by Meter (TAM)
  Challenges: Digital TV, Timeshift TV, Online Video Stream, Ethnic Groups, Datshas
- Measurement by "Media Watch" = recording tiny sound samples from RTV and compare them with total recordings of all stations (too expensive, reduces ratings)
- Qualitative Television Panels
  - The vast majority of measurement systems do not offer "appreciation". Therefore, in some countries (e.g.NL, GB, DE) large online panels are being used to supply qualitative data (scalings, verbatims, judgements)
- Multi-Media Panels
  - Combining the measurement of conventional electronic media and Internet with consumer data ("GfK WebValue", Germany)
- (Semi)qualitative Online Research will provide program makers with qualitative data
  - Web based research has no geographic boundaries, is quick and cost-effective.
  - Qualitative Research can explains flops and successes and suggest new ways



Prague, March 3, 2011

#### Quantitative and Qualitative Possibilities of Online Research



24

### Thank you for your kind attention!

#### Peter Diem Consultant Online Research

GfK Austria

http://www.gfk.at peter.diem@gmail.com

